

Preparation of Yeast Spheroplasts

Yeast cells have a polysaccharide wall that must be removed for many types of procedures (e.g., osmotic lysis). Yeast cells without a wall are referred to as “spheroplasts.”

1. Grow cells in liquid culture to mid-logarithmic stage (0.5-0.8 ODU/ml)
*cells at stationary phase have a thicker cell wall that is more difficult to remove
2. Centrifuge the cells at 5000 x *g* for 5 min at room temperature (RT)
3. Resuspend the cell pellet in sterile water at a concentration of 10 ODU/ml
4. Centrifuge at 5000 x *g* for 5 min at RT
5. Resuspend the cell pellet in “softening medium” at a concentration of 10 ODU/ml
softening medium: 100 mM Hepes-KOH, pH 9.4 (1 M stock, RT)
 10 mM dithiothreitol (DTT) (1 M stock, -20°C)
 *always prepare fresh softening medium
 *Hepes-KOH may be substituted with another buffer (e.g., Tris
 pH 9.4 or Pipes-KOH pH 9.4)
6. Incubate for 15 min at RT
7. Centrifuge at 5000 x *g* for 5 min at RT
8. Resuspend cell pellet in “spheroplasting medium” at a concentration of 5 ODU/ml
spheroplasting medium: 1X YNB (10X stock, RT)
 2% glucose (50% stock, RT)
 1X amino acids (100X stock, RT)
 50 mM Hepes-KOH, pH 7.2 (1 M stock, RT)
 1 M sorbitol (2 M stock, RT)
 *spheroplasting medium can be stored at RT indefinitely
9. Add zymolyase 100T to a final concentration of 2 μ l/ODU
*stock = 10 mg/ml in 1X PBS, 1 M sorbitol (store in aliquots at -80°C)
10. Incubate for 60 min at 30°C (or an otherwise appropriate temperature; for instance, if the strain has a temperature-sensitive growth defect, incubate at the permissive temperature)
*mix solution briefly after 30 min of incubation
11. Centrifuge at 5000 x *g* for 5 min at RT
12. Resuspend spheroplasts in spheroplasting medium at concentration of 5 ODU/ml to remove zymolyase
13. Centrifuge at 5000 x *g* for 5 min at RT
14. You now have spheroplasts.